Approved For Release 2005/01/27 : CIA-RDP75-0 1998000700450078-4

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—SENATE x ag 2

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their holdings of long-term bonds. In fuwife periods of tight money, interest rates will rise the capital value of the bonds will and then the bonds cannot be sold exbejie at a capital loss. He still does not consider that, given fluctuating interest rates, peculic will see the possibility of such mousetrapping and be reluctant to buy the bonds of first place,

There is no more.

The judgment to be rendered would seem to me clear. Mr. Nixon has done nothing. Not in seeking to persuade us that he has done something does he show a high regard for our intelligence. For anyone who re-spects his fellow citizens could hardly expect them to buy this blend of nothingness. P haps it will be said in Mr. NEXON'S behalfas so often before—that this is a subject on which he has not yet matured. So it may be. But even his friends will be forced to igree that this failure is the most mature example of such immaturity.

Let me add, also, that the finding of failure is my own judgment. Iconomics is an imperfect science. Anyone who claims that his economic judgments are amotionally detached politically impurital, and otherwise objective is himself suspect. But I would strengly urge anyone who disagrees with the present judgment of Mr. Nixons reports, or even suspects that he might, to get them from the White House and raid them

thoughtfully and with care.

COMPTROLLER GENERAL RECOM MENDATIONS TO SBA

Mr. PROXMIRE. Mr. President as chairman of the Small Business subcommittee of the Banking and Currency Committee, I am aware of the inferest. Senators have in the competent and efficient operation of the Small Business Administration.

Recently Mr. Joseph Campbell, the Comptroller General, has completed a review of the financial assistance activities in five field offices of the SBA. Mr. Campbell sent me a copy of the report and then summarized his findings and recommendations in a brief letter.

For the information of the Senate I.

ask unanimous consent that a copy of this letter be printed in the Recom-at this point, together with a copy of a terrer I have written to the new Administrator of SBA, Philip McCallum.

There being no objection, the letters were ordered printed in the RECORD, as

COMPTROLLER GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES, Washington, D.C., January 20, 1960. B-114335.

Hon. WILLIAM PROXICES:

Chairman, Subcommittee on Small Business, Committee on Banking and Currency. U.S. Senate.

DEAR MR. OBAIRMAN: Herewith for the use of your subcommittee is a copy of our report to the Congress on the review of the financial assistance activities in five field offices of the Small Business Administration (SBA) made during the latter months of calendar year 195**8**.

Our examination showed that certain areas n the administration of financial assistance assisting in the field offices would be agthened and more effectively-carried out by compliance with SBA's own regulations. of actions better administration of the then I d during our addit that the Adminisand Business Administration, take a to provide for closer supervision over

ministrator informed us that he was it general agreement with our recommendation and would take corrective action. He also agreed to study our recommendation that independently audited financial statements be required of prospective behrowers as a prerequialte to ioan authorization on larger A summary of our findings begins on . Ken

Sincerely yours, A Joseph Campunes, Gomptroller Generalist the United States, Sincerely yours,

JANUARY 23, 1960.

Mr. PHILIP MCCALLON. Chairman, Small Business Administration,

Washington, Dell Dear Ms. McGallum: Mr. Joseph Ossaphell, Comptroller General, has recently written me to forward a copy of a report to Con-gress of the review of financial assistance activities in five field offices of the Small Business administration, during the calendar

year 1969.

In a covering letter he has summarised his geommendations suggesting:
the diministrator of the Small Buriness Administration take action to provide for closer
the regional offices with a supervision over the regional offices with a view to obtaining compliance with the SBA's dwn regulations; two, that independently audited financial statements be required of prospective borrowers as a prerequisite to loan authorizations on larger loans.

Mr. Campbell writes me, and I quote: "The Administrator informed us that he was, in general agreement with our recommenda-tion and would take corrective action," this in with reference to number one above, that bi compliance with the SBA's regulations. In Connection with the independent sadits, he writes me that the Administrator agreed to study the recommendations.

I would very much appreciate being kept informed on both of these matters. Can you tell me at your earliest convenience what action has been taken to provide closer supervision over regional offices to accure greater compliance with the SBA's regula-tions? Also, would you write me to tall ma of the results of your study on the recom-mendation for independent audits?

mentation for independent audits?

I am reluctant to impose unnecessary work on a hardworking agents, and I feet responsible for being kept fully informed on recommendations of farsecing as these concerned here, particularly since they come from a source as responsible and authoritative as the Comptroller General of the United

Sincerely yours,

WILLIAM PROYUME. U.S. Seneter.

USE OR MISUSE OF INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION

Mr. SALTONSTALL, On January 27 the Senator from Missouri [Mr. Symms-row] under the title of "The Misuse of Intelligence Information"-page 1285stated in part:

of. President, the Ames esa eleccer man being entired down the trail of insecurity by the issuance of misinformation about our deterrent power; and specifically about the DEMMIN CAD.

The intelligence books have been juggled of the budges books may be balanced.

I realise, Mr. President, that this is a political year and there will naturally be many differences of opinion based on politics, but I feel very strongly that discussion concerning our defense programs must be carefully judged on information

the regional offices with a view to obtaining as properly secured as is possible to do compliance with these regulations. The add- and that the arguments should not be and that the arguments should not be based on partisan differences.

There are, in my opinion, no more trustworthy citizens and public officials than Mr. Allen W. Dulles, Director of CIA. Thomas B. Gates, Jr., Secretary of Defense, Maurice Stans, Director of the Budget, and, finally, the President of the United States, Dwight Eisenhower, It is inconceivable, in my opinion, that any of these dedicated men would "jugge". intelligence so that budget books may be belanced."

The Senator from Missouri states that our intelligence estimates have now been revised so that they are based on intention rather than on capability. Relative to this point, Mr. Dulles, in a speech made in New York on January 26 before the Institute of Aeronautical Sciences states:

The best one can do to see that one's batting average to relatively high, that the predictable and the calculable are stated with the degree of metalining that the svidence permits, and that the best that one; can distill out of available facts is brought. concisely, objectively, and quickly to those who have the responsibility for policy and

Furthermore, he said:

The analysis of any given Goviet weapons aystem involves a number of judgments. These include Soviet espablity to produce the system; probable Seviet inventories of the weapons system as of deslay; the role assigned to this system in Soviet military planning: the requirements the Soviet high mand may lay down for the weapon over the future. All these judgments are to some s interdependent. They lead to a calculation of how far and how soon the Soviets are likely to develop the system. Manifestly this kind of estimating is of the highest importance to our own planning.

After providing this background, Mr. Dulles comes to our specific point:

Consequently in our estimaton we gen-shally stress oupsistities in the early stages of Spries yaspens development and then, as repre, hard fasts are available, we estimate their probable programing, sometimes referred to a intentions.

These quotations indicate Mr. Dulles' detailed ministranding of the intelli-gence field. It is clear, in my opinion, that he emphasizes judgments and estimates based on the coordination of several different categories of intelligence. Enemy intentions certainly play an important role—it would be dangerous to overlook an assessment of our opponent's piem of how to use his capabilities.

I have in mind the intelligence concerning the Soviets long-range airplanes in 1956. Their capability to produce was greater than ours. We sent ahead to produce our B-52's, and thus have a much larger inventory of them today. The Russians, however, failed to activate the production schedules we had anticipated. It is clear, therefore, that while their capability indicated one course of action, their intentions determined a different course.

«Implicit in the Senator from Missouri's speech of the other day is the idea that capability is no longer being taken into consideration by our Defense officials, It is important to point out that this is